

1. The Gamma Function is defined as

$$\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^{\alpha-1} dt, \quad (\alpha > 0).$$

(a) 1 point. Show that  $\Gamma(1) = 1$ .

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma(1) &= \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^{1-1} dt = \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^b e^{-t} dt = \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} -e^{-t} \Big|_0^b \\ &= \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} -e^{-b} + 1 = 1\end{aligned}$$

(b) 2 points. Show that  $\Gamma(\alpha+1) = \alpha\Gamma(\alpha)$ .

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma(\alpha+1) &= \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^\alpha dt = t^\alpha e^{-t} \Big|_0^\infty - \int_0^\infty (-e^{-t}) \alpha t^{\alpha-1} dt \\ u &= t^\alpha \quad du = \alpha t^{\alpha-1} dt \\ dv &= e^{-t} \quad v = -e^{-t} \quad = \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} b^\alpha e^{-b} - 0 + \alpha \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^{\alpha-1} dt \\ &= 0 + \alpha \Gamma(\alpha) \\ \Gamma(\alpha+1) &= \alpha \Gamma(\alpha)\end{aligned}$$

(c) 3 points. Use your results in (a) and (b) to show that  $\Gamma(n+1) = n!$ , where  $n$  is a positive integer. (HINT: use mathematical induction).

Induction:  $\Gamma(2) = 2\Gamma(1) = 2 \cdot 1 = 2!$  ( $n=1$  case)

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma(n) &= (n-1)! \text{ (base)} \Rightarrow \Gamma(n+1) = n! \\ \Gamma(n) &= (n-1)\Gamma(n-1) \\ \Gamma(n+1) &= n \Gamma(n) \Rightarrow \Gamma(n+1) = n \cdot (n-1)\Gamma(n-1) = n(n-1)(n-2)! \\ &= n \cdot (n-1)(n-2) \cdots 2 \cdot 1 \\ &= n!\end{aligned}$$

(d) 4 points. Use all the previous results to show that  $\mathcal{L}[t^\alpha] = \frac{\Gamma(\alpha+1)}{s^{\alpha+1}}$  and  $\mathcal{L}[t^n] = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$  when  $n$  is a positive integer.

$$\mathcal{L}[t^\alpha] = \int_0^\infty e^{-st} t^\alpha dt = \int_0^\infty e^{-u} \left(\frac{u}{s}\right)^\alpha \frac{du}{s} = \frac{1}{s^{\alpha+1}} \int_0^\infty e^{-u} u^\alpha du = \frac{\Gamma(\alpha+1)}{s^\alpha}$$

$$\text{let } u = st \quad du = s dt$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}[t^n] &= \int_0^\infty e^{-st} t^n dt = t^n \frac{e^{-st}}{-s} \Big|_0^\infty - \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-st}}{-s} n t^{n-1} dt = \frac{1}{s} \int_0^\infty t^{n-1} e^{-st} dt \\ u &= t^n \quad du = n t^{n-1} dt \\ dv &= e^{-st} \quad v = \frac{e^{-st}}{-s} \\ \mathcal{L}[t^n] &= \frac{n}{s} \mathcal{L}[t^{n-1}] \\ \mathcal{L}[t^0] &= \mathcal{L}[1] = \frac{1}{s} \\ \mathcal{L}[t^n] &= \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}} \frac{1}{s} = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}\end{aligned}$$