#### Quiz 7

### Multivariable Calculus

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date:	
Time Begun: .	
Time Ended:	

Friday March 24 Ron Buckmire

## $\mathbf{Topic}\ : \ \mathrm{Multivariable}\ \mathrm{Optimization}$

The idea behind this quiz is to provide you with an opportunity to illustrate your understanding of multivariable optimization.

# Reality Check:

EXPECTED SCORE : \_\_\_\_/10

ACTUAL SCORE : \_\_\_\_/10

## Instructions:

- 0. Please look for a hint on this quiz posted to faculty.oxy.edu/ron/math/212/06
- 1. Once you open the quiz, you have **30 minutes** to complete, please record your start time and end time at the top of this sheet.
- 2. You may use the book or any of your class notes. You must work alone.
- 3. If you use your own paper, please staple it to the quiz before coming to class. If you don't have a stapler, buy one. QUIZZES WITH LOOSE SHEETS WILL NOT BE GRADED.
- 4. After completing the quiz, sign the pledge below stating on your honor that you have adhered to these rules.
- 5. Your solutions must have enough details such that an impartial observer can read your work and determine HOW you came up with your solution.
- 6. Relax and enjoy...
- 7. This quiz is due on Monday March 27, in class. NO LATE QUIZZES WILL BE ACCEPTED.

**Pledge:** I, \_\_\_\_\_\_, pledge my honor as a human being and Occidental student, that I have followed all the rules above to the letter and in spirit.

#### SHOW ALL YOUR WORK

1. Our goal is to find the maximum and minimum values of the surface  $z = f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2 - x - y + 1$  constrained to the interior of the unit disk  $D : x^2 + y^2 \le 1$ . (a) (3 points) Show that the only critical point of f(x, y) occurs at (1/2, 1/2, 1/2).

(b) (2 points) Show that since the boundary can be parametrized by the curve  $\vec{x}(t) = (\cos(t), \sin(t))$  with  $0 \le t \le 2\pi$  the surface intersected with the boundary becomes a curve  $g(t) = f(x(t), y(t)) = 2 - \sin t - \cos t$ .

(c) (3 points) Explain why g(t) must attain its extreme values at either  $t = 0, t = \pi/4, t = 5\pi/4$  or  $t = 2\pi$ .

(d) (2 points) Use information from (a), (b) and (c) to write down the coordinates of the maximum and minimum values of the surface z = f(x, y) where the input values must lie on  $D: x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$ .