Quiz $\bf 3$

Basic Calculus II

Section: 8:30am or 10:30am (circle one)	Math 12 Wednesday February 12, 200 Ron Buckmir Alan Knoer
Topic covered: Applying the Fundamental T	heorem of Calculus
The point of this quiz is to obtain experience with using the specific problems.	he fundamental theorem of calculus to solve
Instructions:	
Instructions: 1. Once you open the quiz, you have 50 minutes to con-	mplete it.
 Once you open the quiz, you have 50 minutes to cor Where ever possible indicate your answer clearly, in 	the form of a sentence, showing all work
 Once you open the quiz, you have 50 minutes to cor Where ever possible indicate your answer clearly, in necessary to understand your solution. You may not use the book or any of your class notes. 	the form of a sentence, showing all work but you may use a calculator. You must
 Once you open the quiz, you have 50 minutes to core. Where ever possible indicate your answer clearly, in necessary to understand your solution. You may not use the book or any of your class notes work alone. If you use your own paper, please staple it to the or 	the form of a sentence, showing all work but you may use a calculator. You must quiz before coming to class. If you don't
 Once you open the quiz, you have 50 minutes to core. Where ever possible indicate your answer clearly, in necessary to understand your solution. You may not use the book or any of your class notes, work alone. If you use your own paper, please staple it to the or have a stapler, buy one. After completing the quiz, sign the pledge below state. 	the form of a sentence, showing all work but you may use a calculator. You must quiz before coming to class. If you don't

student, that I have followed all the rules above to the letter and in spirit.

SHOW ALL YOUR WORK

1. (3 points). Write down the accumulation function, y(x), which is the solution of the initial value problem below,

$$y' = x^{1/2}, \qquad y(1) = 0.$$

2. (2 points). Write down an antiderivative for $x^{1/2}$, that is, a function g(x) which when differentiated produces $x^{1/2}$.

3. (5 points). Use your answers from (1) and (2) to write down the solution of the equation in (1) as an EXPLICIT FUNCTION y(x) which does not have an integral sign in it. You should check that your expression for y(x) complete satisfies the initial value problem given in (1).