Name:	DUE: FRI. OCT. 25
Date: Time Begun: Time Ended:	Wednesday October 23 Ron Buckmire
Topic covered: Fundamen	tal Theorem of Calculus
The idea behind the quiz is for you to illu to evaluate a useful integral.	strate your understanding of how to use numerical methods
Reality Check:	
EXPECTED SCORE :/	10 ACTUAL SCORE :/10
Bar Be ibb seetal.	7 TO ACTUAL SCORE
Instructions:	ACTUAL SCORE/10
Instructions:  1. Once you open the quiz, you have 30	
<ul><li>Instructions:</li><li>1. Once you open the quiz, you have 30</li><li>2. You may not use the book or any omust work alone.</li></ul>	minutes to complete it.
<ol> <li>Instructions:</li> <li>Once you open the quiz, you have 30</li> <li>You may not use the book or any omust work alone.</li> <li>If you use your own paper, please st have a stapler, buy one.</li> </ol>	minutes to complete it.  of your class notes, but you may use a calculator. You
<ol> <li>Instructions:</li> <li>Once you open the quiz, you have 30</li> <li>You may not use the book or any omust work alone.</li> <li>If you use your own paper, please st have a stapler, buy one.</li> <li>After completing the quiz, sign the please.</li> </ol>	minutes to complete it.  of your class notes, but you may use a calculator. You aple it to the quiz before coming to class. If you don't

student, that I have followed all the rules above to the letter and in spirit.

## SHOW ALL YOUR WORK

Two students are discussing different approaches to finding the value of  $I = \int_1^2 e^{\sqrt{x}} dx$ .

Devon: Clearly there is no way to evaluate this integral.

Lee: But this is a definite integral, so we must be able to apply the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus to obtain a value for I (it's just a number).

Devon: Hmmm, well now that you mention that it's a definite integral I remembered that we can estimate any definite integral using Riemann sums like Simpson's Rule.

Lee: Why bother? We can use integration by substitution if we let  $u=\sqrt{x}$  to rewrite the given integral as  $\int_1^{\sqrt{2}} 2ue^u du$  and then integrate by parts, substitute back to obtain the anti-derivative  $F(x)=2e^{\sqrt{x}}(\sqrt{x}-1)$  which we then use to find an approximate value of I equal to F(2)-F(1).

Devon: Well, you have to do all that work to get an approximate answer and I can just plug some symbols into a TruBasic program, set N=1000000 and also get a really really accurate estimate, so I think my way is better!

[1.] (10 points) Write at least 5 sentences discussing the students' understanding of The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus. Identify any and all correct, incorrect or partly correct statements made by the students. If a statement is incorrect explain why. You must be careful not to make any incorrect statements yourself in your explanation. PROOFREAD YOUR ANSWER.