

EXERCISE SET 3.6

$$1. (f \circ g)'(x) = f'(g(x))g'(x) \text{ so } (f \circ g)'(0) = f'(g(0))g'(0) = f'(0)(3) = (2)(3) = 6$$

$$2. (f \circ g)'(2) = f'(g(2))g'(2) = 5(-3) = -15$$

$$3. (a) (f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x)) = (2x-3)^5 \text{ and } (f \circ g)'(x) = f'(g(x))g'(x) = 5(2x-3)^4(2) = 10(2x-3)^4$$

$$(b) (g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x)) = 2x^5 - 3 \text{ and } (g \circ f)'(x) = g'(f(x))f'(x) = 2(5x^4) = 10x^4$$

$$4. (a) (f \circ g)(x) = 5\sqrt{4 + \cos x} \text{ and } (f \circ g)'(x) = f'(g(x))g'(x) = \frac{5}{2\sqrt{4 + \cos x}}(-\sin x)$$

$$(b) (g \circ f)(x) = 4 + \cos(5\sqrt{x}) \text{ and } (g \circ f)'(x) = g'(f(x))f'(x) = -\sin(5\sqrt{x})\frac{5}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$5. (a) F'(x) = f'(g(x))g'(x) = f'(g(3))g'(3) = -1(7) = -7$$

$$(b) G'(x) = g'(f(x))f'(x) = g'(f(3))f'(3) = 4(-2) = -8$$

$$6. (a) F'(x) = f'(g(x))g'(x), F'(-1) = f'(g(-1))g'(-1) = f'(2)(-3) = (4)(-3) = -12$$

$$(b) G'(x) = g'(f(x))f'(x), G'(-1) = g'(f(-1))f'(-1) = -5(3) = -15$$

$$7. f'(x) = 37(x^3 + 2x)^{36} \frac{d}{dx}(x^3 + 2x) = 37(x^3 + 2x)^{36}(3x^2 + 2)$$

$$8. f'(x) = 6(3x^2 + 2x - 1)^5 \frac{d}{dx}(3x^2 + 2x - 1) = 6(3x^2 + 2x - 1)^5(6x + 2) = 12(3x^2 + 2x - 1)^5(3x + 1)$$

$$9. f'(x) = -2 \left(x^3 - \frac{7}{x}\right)^{-3} \frac{d}{dx} \left(x^3 - \frac{7}{x}\right) = -2 \left(x^3 - \frac{7}{x}\right)^{-3} \left(3x^2 + \frac{7}{x^2}\right)$$

$$10. f(x) = (x^5 - x + 1)^{-9},$$

$$f'(x) = -9(x^5 - x + 1)^{-10} \frac{d}{dx}(x^5 - x + 1) = -9(x^5 - x + 1)^{-10}(5x^4 - 1) = -\frac{9(5x^4 - 1)}{(x^5 - x + 1)^{10}}$$

$$11. f(x) = 4(3x^2 - 2x + 1)^{-3},$$

$$f'(x) = -12(3x^2 - 2x + 1)^{-4} \frac{d}{dx}(3x^2 - 2x + 1) = -12(3x^2 - 2x + 1)^{-4}(6x - 2) = \frac{24(1 - 3x)}{(3x^2 - 2x + 1)^4}$$

$$12. f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^3 - 2x + 5}} \frac{d}{dx}(x^3 - 2x + 5) = \frac{3x^2 - 2}{2\sqrt{x^3 - 2x + 5}}$$

$$13. f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{4 + 3\sqrt{x}}} \frac{d}{dx}(4 + 3\sqrt{x}) = \frac{3}{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{4 + 3\sqrt{x}}}$$

$$14. f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}}} \frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{x}) = \frac{1}{2x^{1/4}} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{4x^{3/4}}$$

$$15. f'(x) = \cos(1/x^2) \frac{d}{dx}(1/x^2) = -\frac{2}{x^3} \cos(1/x^2)$$

$$16. f'(x) = (\sec^2 \sqrt{x}) \frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{x} = (\sec^2 \sqrt{x}) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$17. f'(x) = 20 \cos^4 x \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) = 20 \cos^4 x (-\sin x) = -20 \cos^4 x \sin x$$

$$30. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sec(3x+1) \cos x - 3 \sin x \sec(3x+1) \tan(3x+1)}{\sec^2(3x+1)} = \cos x \cos(3x+1) - 3 \sin x \sin(3x+1)$$

$$31. \frac{dy}{dx} = -\sin(\cos x) \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) = -\sin(\cos x)(-\sin x) = \sin(\cos x) \sin x$$

$$32. \frac{dy}{dx} = \cos(\tan 3x) \frac{d}{dx}(\tan 3x) = 3 \sec^2 3x \cos(\tan 3x)$$

$$33. \frac{dy}{dx} = 3 \cos^2(\sin 2x) \frac{d}{dx}[\cos(\sin 2x)] = 3 \cos^2(\sin 2x)[- \sin(\sin 2x)] \frac{d}{dx}(\sin 2x) \\ = -6 \cos^2(\sin 2x) \sin(\sin 2x) \cos 2x$$

$$34. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(1 - \cot x^2)(-2x \csc x^2 \cot x^2) - (1 + \csc x^2)(2x \csc^2 x^2)}{(1 - \cot x^2)^2} = -2x \csc x^2 \frac{1 + \cot x^2 + \csc x^2}{(1 - \cot x^2)^2}$$

$$35. \frac{dy}{dx} = (5x+8)^7 \frac{d}{dx}(1-\sqrt{x})^6 + (1-\sqrt{x})^6 \frac{d}{dx}(5x+8)^7 \\ = 6(5x+8)^7(1-\sqrt{x})^5 \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{x}} + 7 \cdot 5(1-\sqrt{x})^6(5x+8)^6 \\ = \frac{-3}{\sqrt{x}}(5x+8)^7(1-\sqrt{x})^5 + 35(1-\sqrt{x})^6(5x+8)^6$$

$$36. \frac{dy}{dx} = (x^2+x)^5 \frac{d}{dx} \sin^8 x + (\sin^8 x) \frac{d}{dx}(x^2+x)^5 = 8(x^2+x)^5 \sin^7 x \cos x + 5(\sin^8 x)(x^2+x)^4(2x+1)$$

$$37. \frac{dy}{dx} = 3 \left[\frac{x-5}{2x+1} \right]^2 \frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{x-5}{2x+1} \right] = 3 \left[\frac{x-5}{2x+1} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{11}{(2x+1)^2} = \frac{33(x-5)^2}{(2x+1)^4}$$

$$38. \frac{dy}{dx} = 17 \left(\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2} \right)^{16} \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2} \right) = 17 \left(\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2} \right)^{16} \frac{(1-x^2)(2x) - (1+x^2)(-2x)}{(1-x^2)^2} \\ = 17 \left(\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2} \right)^{16} \frac{4x}{(1-x^2)^2} = \frac{68x(1+x^2)^{16}}{(1-x^2)^{18}}$$

$$39. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(4x^2-1)^8(3)(2x+3)^2(2) - (2x+3)^3(8)(4x^2-1)^7(8x)}{(4x^2-1)^{16}} \\ = \frac{2(2x+3)^2(4x^2-1)^7[3(4x^2-1) - 32x(2x+3)]}{(4x^2-1)^{16}} = -\frac{2(2x+3)^2(52x^2+96x+3)}{(4x^2-1)^9}$$

$$40. \frac{dy}{dx} = 12[1 + \sin^3(x^5)]^{11} \frac{d}{dx}[1 + \sin^3(x^5)] \\ = 12[1 + \sin^3(x^5)]^{11} 3 \sin^2(x^5) \frac{d}{dx} \sin(x^5) = 180x^4[1 + \sin^3(x^5)]^{11} \sin^2(x^5) \cos(x^5)$$

$$41. \frac{dy}{dx} = 5 [x \sin 2x + \tan^4(x^7)]^4 \frac{d}{dx} [x \sin 2x \tan^4(x^7)] \\ = 5 [x \sin 2x + \tan^4(x^7)]^4 \left[x \cos 2x \frac{d}{dx}(2x) + \sin 2x + 4 \tan^3(x^7) \frac{d}{dx} \tan(x^7) \right] \\ = 5 [x \sin 2x + \tan^4(x^7)]^4 [2x \cos 2x + \sin 2x + 28x^6 \tan^3(x^7) \sec^2(x^7)]$$