$\qquad$

## DEFINITION

The cardinality of a (finite) set is the number of elements in the set. For example, the cardinality of the set $\{-1,0,1,2$, apple, $\odot\}$ is SIX. There are six different "things" listed in the set.

Write down the cardinality of each of the following finite sets in the corresponding box.

1. $\{-1,0,1,2\}$
$\square$
2. $\{\rho, \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\uparrow}, \diamond\}$

3. \{ one, two, four, six, seven, nine, ten, eleven $\}$

4. $\{$ \{one, two, seven, ten, eleven $\}$, four, six, nine $\}$

5. $\{\{-1,0,1,2\},\{$ apple, orange, grape $\}$,


## DEFINITION

The power set of a set is the set of all subsets of a set. For example, the power set of the set $\{1,2\}$ is $\{\},\{1\},\{2\},\{1,2\}\}$. The empty set $\}$ is the set with cardinality zero. The empty set is a subset of every set.

Write down the power set of $\{1,2,3\}$

Write down the cardinality of the power set of $\{1,2,3\}$

