

Study Problems for Exam 1 in Math 212 Fall 2014

- (1) If $f(\omega, x) = 2\omega x^2$, find $f(x, x^2)$.
- (2) Sketch both a contour diagram and a graph of sections with y fixed, for the surface $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} - 1$. Then sketch the surface.
- (3) Write down a function $f(x, y, z)$ for which the surface in problem (2) is a level surface. How many such functions are there?
- (4) How far apart (shortest distance) are the spheres $x^2 + (y - 2)^2 + (z + 3)^2 = 1$ and $(x - 3)^2 + y^2 + (z + 2)^2 = 5$? Sketch the second sphere.
- (5) Sketch the plane tangent to $f(x, y) = x^2 y + \frac{x}{y} + 1$ at $(2, 1)$.
- (6) Sketch the contours of $f(x, y) = x + y^2$.
- (7) Here are two points: $P=(1, 2, 3)$, $Q=(-2, 2, 4)$. Write down the coordinates of a third point R , then find an equation for the plane containing P , Q , and R .
- (8) Suppose that a function f is defined by $f_x = xf + y$, $f_y = f + 2$, $f(-1, 2) = 3$. Use a tangent plane to approximate $f(-.5, 1.6)$.
- (9) Describe a real-world function $f(x, y)$, for which f_x is negative, f_y is positive, and the units on f_x and f_y are dollars per person and dollars per mile, respectively.
- (10) If $f(x, y) = \frac{\sin xy + 2^x}{\ln y \cdot \arctan y}$, find ∇f .
- (11) Let $f(x, y) = x^2 y^2 + 3$. Use the limit definition of partial derivative to find f_y .
- (12) Suppose that \vec{u} and \vec{v} have the same length, and that \vec{u} points north and \vec{v} points west. In which directions do the following vectors point? $\vec{u} + \vec{v}$, $\vec{u} - \vec{v}$, $\vec{v} - \vec{u}$, $\vec{v} + 1000\vec{u}$.
- (13) A line contains the points $(1, 2, 3)$ and $(3, 0, -3)$. Find a unit vector parallel to the line.
- (14) Given $f(x, y) = x + y^2$. Find the equation of the tangent plane at the point $(1, 1, 2)$.
- (15) Find the equation of another plane which is orthogonal to the one you found in (14).

(Adapted from **Exam 1 Study Guide, Math 224, Spring 2005, Prof. Don Lawrence**)