Quiz 1	Basic Calculus II
Name:	Math

120

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Wednesday January 31, 2001

Topic covered: Riemann Sums and Error Control

Instructions:

- 1. Once you open the quiz, you have 50 minutes to complete it.
- 2. You may not use the book or any of your class notes, but you may use a calculator. You must work alone.
- 3. If you use your own paper, please staple it to the quiz before coming to class. If you don't have a stapler, buy one.
- 4. After completing the quiz, sign the pledge below stating on your honor that you have adhered to these rules.
- 5. Relax and enjoy....
- 6. This quiz is due on Friday, February 2, at the beginning of class. NO LATE QUIZZES WILL BE ACCEPTED.

Pledge: I,,	pledge my hor	nor as a	human	being an	d Occidental
student, that I have followed all the rules about	ove to the lette	er and in s	spirit.		

SHOW ALL YOUR WORK

1.	(6 points) The graph of a function $y=g(t)=1/t$ is shown below. Let A be the area under the curve $g(t)$, above the t -axis, and between the lines $t=1$ and $t=5$.
(a)	Use a left-hand Riemann sum, with THREE rectangles, to approximate the area A . NOTE: the length of the bases of the rectangles do not have to be equal to each other.
(b)	Use a right-hand Riemann sum, with FOUR rectangles to approximate the area A . Is this estimate an over-estimate or under-estimate?
2.	(4 points) How small would the base of each rectangle have to be in order to insure that the error between the Riemann Sum and the EXACT AREA A would be no more than 0.0001? In other words, what is the biggest value of Δt that you are confident a Riemann sum will have error less than or equal to 0.0001?