## Homework Handout for Class 28, Due with Homework 11

## Name:

Consider the equation $x^{m}-A=0$. Show that Newton's method can be used to produce a Generalized Babylonian algorithm which produces an approximation to $\sqrt[m]{A}=A^{1 / m}$.

The Generalized Baylonian Algorithm is $x_{n+1}=\frac{1}{m}\left((m-1) x_{n}+\frac{A}{x_{n}^{m-1}}\right)$. (Confirm that $m=2$ corresponds to the standard Babylonian Algorithm .)
2. Use a computing device and the Generalized Babylonian Algorithm to estimate $7^{1 / 5}$ to 9 decimal places. (Show all your steps.)
3. Use a computing device and the Generalized Babylonian Algorithm to estimate $2^{5 / 3}$ to 9 decimal places. (Show all your steps.)

