

## Supplementary Related Rates Problems

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1. From *Calculus for the Life Sciences* by Greenwell, Ritchey and Lial; Example 5. Blood flows faster the closer it is to the center of a blood vessel because of the reduced friction with cell walls. According to Poiseuille's laws, the velocity  $V$  of blood is given by

$$V = k(R^2 - r^2),$$

where  $R$  is the radius of the blood vessel,  $r$  is the distance of a layer of blood flow from the center of the vessel, and  $k$  is a constant, assumed here to equal 375. Suppose a skier's blood vessel has radius  $R = 0.08$  millimeter and that cold weather is causing the vessel to contract at a rate of  $dR/dt = -0.01$  millimeter per minute. How fast is the velocity of the blood changing?

2. From *Calculus for the Life Sciences* by Greenwell, Ritchey and Lial; Problem 17. Sociologists have found that crime rates are influenced by temperature. In a midwestern town of 100,000 people, the crime rate has been approximated as

$$C = \frac{1}{10}(T - 60)^2 + 100,$$

where  $C$  is the number of crimes per month and  $T$  is the average monthly temperature in degrees Fahrenheit. The average temperature for May was  $76^\circ$ , and by the end of May the temperature was rising at the rate of  $8^\circ$  per month. How fast is the crime rate rising at the end of May?