- 1. Let  $Y = S^1 \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ . For each of the following spaces X, determine whether the map  $f : X \to Y$  defined by  $f(x) = (\cos(2\pi x), \sin(2\pi x))$  is a homeomorphism. Support your answers. (Be careful with checking continuity for f and  $f^{-1}$ .)
  - (a)  $X = [0,1] \subset \mathbb{R}$ .
  - (b)  $X = [0, 1) \subset \mathbb{R}$ .
- 2. In  $\mathbb{R}^2$  with the standard topology (induced by the Euclidean metric), let's call a subset of the form  $(a, b) \times (c, d)$  an **open rectangle**.
  - (a) Prove that every open rectangle is a union of open balls.
  - (b) Prove that every open ball is a union of open rectangles.
- 3. Prove that  $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$  as a product space is homeomorphic to  $\mathbb{R}^2$  with the topology induced by the Euclidean metric. Hint: Let  $\mathcal{T}_1$  be the product topology on  $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$ . Let  $\mathcal{T}_2$  be the topology on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  induced by the Euclidean metric. We want to show  $\mathcal{T}_1 = \mathcal{T}_2$ , i.e., a set is open in  $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$  iff it is open in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Use the previous problem for this.
- 4. Let  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  be topological spaces. For each i = 1, 2, we define the **projection map**  $\pi_i : X_1 \times X_2 \to X_i$  by  $\pi_i(x_1, x_2) = x_i$ . Prove that every projection map is continuous.

(For example, if  $X_1 = X_2 = \mathbb{R}$ , then  $\pi_1$  is the projection map onto the *x*-axis, while  $\pi_2$  is the projection map onto the *y*-axis.)

## Extra Credit Problems

5. Let  $Y, X_1$ , and  $X_2$  be topological spaces. For each i = 1, 2, let  $f_i : Y \to X_i$  be a given map. Let  $f: Y \to X_1 \times X_2$  be defined by  $f(y) = (f_1(y), f_2(y))$ .

Prove f is continuous iff each of its component functions is continuous; i.e., f is continuous iff for each i,  $f_i$  is continuous.

- 6. Let X and Y be topological spaces. Prove that for every point  $x \in X$ , the subspace  $\{x\} \times Y \subset X \times Y$  is homeomorphic to Y.
- 7. (a) Let X and Y be sets, with  $A, C \subseteq X$  and  $B, D \subseteq Y$ . Prove  $(A \times B) \cap (C \times D)$  is of the form  $E \times F$  for some  $E \subseteq X$  and  $F \subseteq Y$ .
  - (b) Use the above to prove that the product topology indeed satisfies the condition of being closed under finite intersections.