Name: _____ Mon 25 Jun 2001

Closed book. Closed Notes. No Calculators. Do **only four** of the following problems. 25 points per problem. Please write very legibly.

- (a) Use a compass and a straightedge to draw the diagram described below: *AB* is a given line segment of unit length. *ABCD* is a square with *AB* as a side. *F* is the midpoint of *AB*. *E* is a point where the continuation of line *AB* intersects the circle that has *F* as its center and *AC* as its radius. Show your work (the various "marks" you make); no explanation needed for each step.
 - (b) Prove that the length of AE is the golden ratio, $\phi = (1 + \sqrt{5})/2$.
 - (c) Use the above to draw a golden triangle with a compass and a straightedge. Explain briefly.
- 2. What is the relationship between a regular pentagon and the golden ratio $\phi = (1+\sqrt{5})/2$? Explain and prove your answer.
- 3. Describe in detail how one can use Origami Postulates 1-5 to copy a given angle $\angle ABC$ at the point D on a given line segment DE.
- 4. (a) Suppose AB is a given line segment, and L is a line that intersects AB at some point between A and B. Explain how you can use Origami Postulate 5 to find a point C on L such that AB and BC have the same length.
 - (b) Describe in detail how one can use Origami Postulates 1-5 to construct an equilateral triangle.
- 5. Consider a linkage made of two rods, AB and CD, where A is fixed, B is a joint at the midpoint of CD that's free to rotate about A, and C is restricted to move along a horizontal line through A. Describe the path that D follows as we move B. Prove your answer.
- 6. (a) What is a regular tiling? What is a semiregular tiling?
 - (b) Can there be four different polygons at a vertex of a semiregular tiling? Why?
- 7. Suppose we place two mirrors at the two ends of a 12-inch ruler, so that they are perpendicular to the ruler. We draw a dot at the five-inch mark. What is the distance between the dot and its *second* image to the left of the first mirror? Explain why.
- 8. Describe what the Rosette Group for an equilateral triangle is. Make the multiplication table for this group, and explain *how* you construct it.