

Midterm 1, PART I.

CS 165, Mathematica.

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Closed book. Closed Notes. Please write very legibly.

1. (30 points) Give the output for each of the following inputs. Do not explain.

(a) In[]: 23

Out[]:

(b) In[]: 2 3;

Out[]:

(c) In[]: 1/2

Out[]:

(d) In[]: N[1/2]

Out[]:

(e) In[]: Pi

Out[]:

(f) In[]: x=3

Out[]:

(g) In[]: y:=4

Out[]:

(h) In[]: a=5; b=a+1; c:=a+1; a=10; {a,b,c}

Out[]:

(i) In[]: 2==3

Out[]:

(j) In[]: 2=3

Out[]:

(k) In[]: {a,b,c,d}[[2]]

Out[]:

(l) In[]: lis={ {a,b}, {c,d}, {e,f} }; lis[[2,1]]

Out[]:

(m) In[]: lis={ {a,b}, {c,d}, {e,f} }; lis[[{2,1}]]

Out[]:

(n) In[]: lis={ { {c}, {d} }, {e,f} }; Flatten[lis]

Out[]:

(o) In[]: lis={ {a,b}, {c,d}, {e,f} }; RotateLeft[lis]

Out[]:

2. (20 points) Give the output for each of the following inputs. Just answer without explanation.

(a) In[]: Table[i+j, {i,1,2}, {j,i,3}]

Out[]:

- (b) In[]: Partition[{a,b,c,d,e,f,g},3,2] (*Hint: generates sublists of length 3 with offset 2*)
Out[]:
- (c) In[]: Apply[Plus, Range[1,4]]
Out[]:
- (d) In[]: Map[Reverse,{{{a,b},{1,2,3}},{c,d},{4,5,6}}}] (* be careful! *)
Out[]:
- (e) In[]: lis={a,b,c,d,e}; Transpose[{Delete[lis, -1], Delete[lis, 1]}]
Out[]:

3. (20 points) Describe what each of the following functions does. Explain your reasoning clearly and in detail. Also give the output for each of `f[c,{a,b,c,d}]` and `g[3]`.

(a) `f[x_, lis_] := (`
 `output = "No";`
 `i := 1;`
 `While[i <= Length[lis],`
 `If[x==lis[[i]], output = "Yes"];`
 `i = i + 1;`
 `]; (* end of While *)`
 `output`
 `)`

(b) `g[n_] := (`
 `h[x_] := x^2;`
 `lis:= Table[Prime[i], {i, 1, n}];`
 `Apply[Plus, Map[h,lis]]`
 `)`

(Recall that `Prime[n]` gives the *n*th prime number; thus, `Prime[1]`, `Prime[2]`, and `Prime[3]` are, respectively, 2, 3, and 5.)

PART II: Do **only one** of the following two problems. To get 100%, you need to do the first problem, which is worth 30 points; but if you can't do it, then do the second one for 20 points. Please **circle** the one you're choosing.

1. (30 points) Write a function `g[lis_]` with the following behavior (i.e., it should work like the following examples for lists of arbitrary length):

In[]: `g[{a, b, c, d, e, f}]`
Out[]: `a b + c + b c + d + c d + e + d e + f`

In[]: `g[{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}]` (* $1x^2+3 + 2x^3+4 + 3x^4+5 = 32$ *)
Out[]: 32

2. (20 points) Write a function `sumProdPairs[lis_]` that outputs the sum of the products of consecutive pairs in an arbitrary list `lis`. Example:

In[]: `sumProdPairs[{2,5,1,0}]` (* $2x5 + 5x1 + 1x0 = 15$ *)
Out[]: 15